REFAYMENT

Created by: James Madison University Office of Financial Aid & Scholarships (July 31, 2023)

BACKGROUND

- Payments and interest accrual on government-owned federal student loans have been paused since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic in March 2020
- Federal loan borrowers have not been required to make payments for more than three years
- Interest on these loans has not been accruing during this period
- All of that is about to end

WHAT'S HAPPENING

- Based on action taken by Congress, this pause will end in September 2023
- Repayment will resume in October 2023
- For some federal loan borrowers, this will be the first time they will be required to make a loan payment
- For other federal loan borrowers, this will reinstate their prior student loan payment obligation
- Even if you aren't scheduled to be in repayment right now (i.e., you are currently enrolled in college on at least a half-time basis pursuing a degree or certificate), interest will once again begin accruing on any federally owned unsubsidized and PLUS loans

QUESTIONS

- Any questions regarding this resumption to loan repayment should be directed to your federal loan servicer
- This presentation includes several resources you may want to review before directly reaching out to your loan servicer, as well as how to find out who your servicer is if you are unsure
- Millions of borrowers will be entering or re-entering repayment at once, so please be patient as your loan servicer makes preparations for this unprecedented event

RESOURCES TO HELP YOU GET SET UP AND STAY ON TRACK

OFFICE OF FEDERAL STUDENT AID

The Office of Federal Student Aid's (FSA) "Repaying Your Loans" Booklet

This resource outlines information related to the repayment of federal Direct Loans, Perkins Loans, and FFEL loans.

studentaid.gov/sites/default/files/repaying-your-loans.pdf

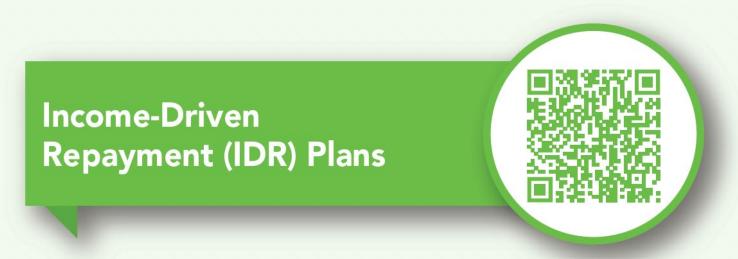
LOAN FORGIVENESS



There are various loan forgiveness programs that are available for borrowers who meet certain criteria and circumstances.

studentaid.gov/manage-loans/forgiveness-cancellation

INCOME DRIVEN REPAYMENT PLAN



Learn more about the four available IDR plans that determine your monthly student loan payment based on your income and family size.

FRESH START



This initiative aims to assist delinquent and defaulted borrowers as they enter back into repayment in good standing.

studentaid.gov/announcements-events/default-fresh-start

DEFERMENT AND FORBEARANCE

Student Loan Deferment and Forbearance

Deferment and forbearance are options that allow borrowers in short-term financial distress to temporarily stop making payments.

studentaid.gov/manage-loans/lower-payments/get-temporary-relief

PUBLIC SERVICE LOAN FORGIVENESS (PSLF)



The PSLF program is for borrowers working in public service who are employed by qualifying employers and meet the criteria to receive forgiveness.

> Visual created by National Association of Student Financial Aid Administrators – NASFAA

studentaid.gov/manage-loans/forgiveness-cancellation/public-service

DELINQUENCY AND DEFAULT

Student Loan Delinquency and Default

Federal student loans become delinquent when a borrower misses a payment. A loan may go into default if the borrower does not make a payment in a certain amount of time. FSA outlines delinquency/default and actions borrowers can take if they believe their loans were mistakenly put in default.

studentaid.gov/manage-loans/default